

McCarthy (CA) Polis
 McCaul Pompeo
 McClintock Posey
 McCollum Price (GA)
 McDermott Price (NC)
 McGovern Quigley
 McHenry Radel
 McIntyre Rahall
 McKeon Reed
 McKinley Reichert
 McMorris Ribble
 Rodgers Rice (SC)
 McNerney Richmond
 Meadows Rigell
 Meehan Roby
 Meeks Roe (TN)
 Meng Rogers (KY)
 Messer Rogers (MI)
 Mica Rohrabacher
 Michaud Rokita
 Miller (FL) Rooney
 Miller (MI) Ros-Lehtinen
 Miller, George Roskam
 Moore Ross
 Moran Rothfus
 Mullin Roybal-Allard
 Mulvaney Royce
 Murphy (FL) Ruiz
 Murphy (PA) Runyan
 Nadler Ruppertsberger
 Napolitano Ryan (OH)
 Neal Ryan (WI)
 Negrete McLeod Salmon
 Neugebauer Sanchez, Linda
 Noem T.
 Nolan Sanford
 Nugent Sarbanes
 Nunes Scalise
 Nunnelee Schakowsky
 O'Rourke Schiff
 Olson Schneider
 Owens Schrader
 Palazzo Schwartz
 Pallone Schweikert
 Pastor (AZ) Scott (VA)
 Paulsen Scott, Austin
 Payne Scott, David
 Pearce Sensenbrenner
 Pelosi Serrano
 Perlmutter Sessions
 Perry Sewell (AL)
 Peters (CA) Shea-Porter
 Peters (MI) Sherman
 Peterson Shimkus
 Petri Shuster
 Pingree (ME) Simpson
 Pitts Sinema
 Pocan Sires
 Poe (TX) Slaughter

NOT VOTING—24

Bass Labrador
 Cárdenas Lummis
 DeGette McCarthy (NY)
 Duncan (TN) Miller, Gary
 Herrera Beutler Pascrell
 Higgins Pittenger
 Johnson, Sam Rangel
 Jones Renacci

□ 1057

Ms. SLAUGHTER and Mr. GINGREY of Georgia changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

EXPRESSING SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING NEED FOR CONTINUED AVAILABILITY OF RELIGIOUS SERVICES TO MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 58) expressing the sense of Congress regarding the need for the continued availability of religious services to members of the Armed Forces and their families during a lapse in appro-

priations, on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. WILSON) that the House suspend the rules and agree to the concurrent resolution.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 400, nays 1, not voting 30, as follows:

[Roll No. 526]

YEAS—400

Aderholt Cuellar Heck (NV)
 Amash Culberson Heck (WA)
 Amodei Cummings Hensarling
 Andrews Daines Himes
 Bachmann Davis (CA) Hinojosa
 Bachus Davis, Danny Holding
 Barber Davis, Rodney Holt
 Barletta DeFazio Honda
 Barr Delaney Horsford
 Barrow (GA) DeLauro Hoyer
 Barton DelBene Hudson
 Beatty Denham Huelskamp
 Becerra Dent Huffman
 Benishek DeSantis Huizenga (MI)
 Bentivolio DesJarlais Hultgren
 Bera (CA) Deutch Hunter
 Bilirakis Diaz-Balart Hurt
 Bishop (GA) Dingell Israel
 Bishop (NY) Doggett Issa
 Bishop (UT) Doyle Jackson Lee
 Black Duckworth Jeffries
 Blackburn Duffy Jenkins
 Blumenauer Duncan (SC) Johnson (GA)
 Bonamici Edwards Johnson (OH)
 Boustany Ellison Johnson, E. B.
 Brady (PA) Ellmers Jordan
 Brady (TX) Engel Joyce
 Braley (IA) Eshoo Kaptur
 Bridenstine Esty Keating
 Brooks (AL) Farenthold Kelly (IL)
 Brooks (IN) Farr Kelly (PA)
 Broun (GA) Fattah Kennedy
 Brown (FL) Fincher Kildee
 Brownley (CA) Fitzpatrick Kilmer
 Buchanan Fleischmann Kind
 Bucshon Fleming King (IA)
 Burgess Flores King (NY)
 Bustos Forbes Kingston
 Butterfield Portenberry Kintzinger (IL)
 Calvert Foster Kirkpatrick
 Camp Fox Kline
 Campbell Frank (FL) Kuster
 Cantor Franks (AZ) LaMalfa
 Capito Frelinghuysen Lamborn
 Capps Fudge Lance
 Capuano Gabbard Langevin
 Carney Gallego Lankford
 Carson (IN) Garamendi Larsen (WA)
 Carter Garcia Larson (CT)
 Cartwright Gardner Latham
 Cassidy Garrett Latta
 Castor (FL) Gerlach Lee (CA)
 Castro (TX) Gibbs Levin
 Chabot Gibson Lewis
 Chaffetz Gingrey (GA) Lipinski
 Chu Gohmert LoBiondo
 Cicilline Goodlatte Loebuck
 Clarke Gosar Longfren
 Clay Gowdy Long
 Cleaver Granger Lowenthal
 Clyburn Graves (GA) Lowey
 Coble Graves (MO) Lucas
 Coffman Grayson Luetkemeyer
 Cohen Green, Al Lujan Grisham
 Cole Green, Gene (NM)
 Collins (GA) Griffin (AR) Luján, Ben Ray
 Collins (NY) Griffith (VA) (NM)
 Conaway Grijalva Lynch
 Connolly Grimm Maffei
 Conyers Guthrie Maloney,
 Cook Gutiérrez Carolyn
 Cooper Hall Maloney, Sean
 Costa Hanabusa Marchant
 Cotton Hanna Marino
 Courtney Harper Massie
 Cramer Harris Matheson
 Crawford Hartzler Matsui
 Crenshaw Hastings (FL) McCarthy (CA)
 Crowley Hastings (WA) McCaul

McClintock Posey
 McCollum Price (GA)
 McDermott Price (NC)
 McGovern Quigley
 McHenry Radel
 McIntyre Rahall
 McKeon Reed
 McKinley Reichert
 McMorris Ribble
 Rodgers Rice (SC)
 McNerney Richmond
 Meadows Rigell
 Meehan Roby
 Meeks Roe (TN)
 Meng Rogers (AL)
 Messer Rogers (KY)
 Mica Rogers (MI)
 Michaud Rokita
 Miller (FL) Rooney
 Miller (MI) Ros-Lehtinen
 Miller, George Ross
 Moore Rothfus
 Moran Roybal-Allard
 Mullin Royce
 Mulvaney Ruiz
 Murphy (FL) Runyan
 Murphy (PA) Ruppertsberger
 Nadler Ryan (OH)
 Napolitano Ryan (WI)
 Neal Salmon
 Negrete McLeod Sanchez, Linda
 Neugebauer T.
 Noem Sanford
 Nolan Sarbanes
 Nugent Scalise
 Nunes Schakowsky
 Nunnelee Schiff
 O'Rourke Schneider
 Olson Schock
 Owens Schrader
 Palazzo Schwartz
 Pallone Schweikert
 Pastor (AZ) Scott (VA)
 Paulsen Scott, Austin
 Payne Scott, David
 Pearce Sensenbrenner
 Pelosi Serrano
 Perlmutter Sessions
 Peters (CA) Sewell (AL)
 Peters (MI) Shea-Porter
 Petri Sherman
 Pingree (ME) Shimkus
 Pitts Shuster
 Pocan Simpson
 Poe (TX) Sinema
 Polis Sires
 Pompeo Slaughter

NAYS—1

Enyart

NOT VOTING—30

Bass Lummis Roskam
 Cárdenas McCarthy (NY) Rush
 DeGette Miller, Gary Sanchez, Loretta
 Duncan (TN) Pascrell Smith (TX)
 Hahn Perry Thompson (MS)
 Herrera Beutler Peterson Tipton
 Higgins Pittenger Vargas
 Johnson, Sam Rangel Walz
 Jones Renacci Yarmuth
 Labrador Rohrabacher Young (FL)

□ 1113

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the concurrent resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Ms. Curtis, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate has passed without amendment a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 3095. An act to ensure that any new or revised requirement providing for the screening, testing, or treatment of individuals operating commercial motor vehicles for sleep disorders is adopted pursuant to a rule-making proceeding, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate has passed with an amendment in which the concurrence of the House is requested, a bill of the House of the following title:

H.R. 1848. An act to ensure that the Federal Aviation Administration advances the safety of small airplanes, and the continued development of the general aviation industry, and for other purposes.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO OFFER RESOLUTION RAISING A QUESTION OF THE PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE

Mr. GRAYSON. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 2(a)(1) of rule IX, I rise to give notice of my intent to raise a question of the privileges of the House.

The form of the resolution is as follows:

Whereas, the BBC News, on October 1, 2013 in England, published the following: "For most of the world, a government shutdown is very bad news—the result of revolution, invasion or disaster. Even in the middle of its ongoing civil war, the Syrian government has continued to pay its bills and workers' wages. That leaders of one of the most powerful nations on earth willingly provoked a crisis that suspends public services and decreases economic growth is astonishing to many.";

Whereas, the state-run Xinhua news service, on October 2, 2013 in China, published the following: "With no political unity to redress its policy mistake, a dysfunctional Washington is now overspending the confidence in its leadership.";

Whereas, The News of Mexico, on September 25, 2013 in Mexico, published the following: "They squabble over the inconsequential accomplishment of a 10-week funding extension. It isn't serious, but it certainly isn't funny.";

Whereas, the Australian, on October 1, 2013 in Australia, published the following: "The irresponsible way in which Congress . . . played the politics of partisan petulance and obstruction . . . does them little credit. Neither does it say much for the budgetary processes in the world's largest economy.";

Whereas, the Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung, on October 2, 2013 in Germany, published the following: "The main actors in this dispute, which brings together many factors, both ideological and political, took a huge risk and, unhindered, proceeded to validate everyone who ever accused the political establishment in Washington of being rotten to the core . . . The public is left wondering how things could have been allowed to get to this point and why there is so much poison in the system.";

Whereas, the Süddeutsche Zeitung, on October 2, 2013 in Germany, published the following: "What has already been apparent in America for a few years now is the self-destruction of one of the world's oldest democracies. And the great tragedy here is that this work of destruction isn't being wrought by enemies of democracy, greedy lobbyists or sinister major party donors. America's democracy is being broken by the very people who are supposed to carry and preserve it . . . the politicians . . . At the moment, Washington is fighting over the budget and nobody knows if the country will still be solvent in three weeks . . . What is clear, though, is that America is already politically bankrupt";

Whereas, the Washington Post, on September 30, 2013, quoted Justice Malala, a political commentator in South Africa as say-

ing the following: "They tell us, 'You guys are not being fiscally responsible' . . . And now we see that they are running their country a little like a banana republic . . . there is a lot of sniggering going on.";

Whereas, the headline of the New York Daily News, the fourth most widely circulated daily newspaper in the United States, on October 1, 2013, read: "House of Turds", and the bylines stated: "D.C. cesspools shut down government" and "They get paid while nation suffers";

Whereas, these reports call into question the dignity of the House; and

Whereas, the resulting reduction in the public's perception of the House's dignity has culminated in a 7% Congressional approval rating in the most recent Economist/YouGov poll: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the House—

(1) without seeking to effect a change in the rules or standing orders of the House or their interpretation; and

(2) without prescribing a special order of business for the House—

that a government shutdown is a mark upon the dignity of the House and that the House would be willing to pass a "clean" continuing appropriations resolution to end it.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under rule IX, a resolution offered from the floor by a Member other than the majority leader or the minority leader as a question of the privileges of the House has immediate precedence only at a time designated by the Chair within 2 legislative days after the resolution is properly noticed.

Pending that designation, the form of the resolution noticed by the gentleman from Florida will appear in the RECORD at this point.

The Chair will not at this point determine whether the resolution constitutes a question of privilege. That determination will be made at the time designated for consideration of the resolution.

PAY OUR MILITARY ACT

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, when Congress was unable to reach agreement on a funding bill, the House acted immediately on the Pay Our Military Act. The bill passed the House on September 29, the Senate on September 30, and it was signed into law by the President that same day.

The Pay Our Military Act ensures that U.S. military personnel and active military Reservists will be paid and receive their allowances during this government shutdown.

Over the past week, the House put forward legislation to fund critical areas of government. We passed the Pay Our Guard and Reserve Act and the Honoring Our Promise to America's Veterans Act. Yesterday, we considered and passed the Nutrition Assistance for Low-Income Women and Children Act; and, today, we passed another bill to fund the government.

These measures should have received the support of every Member in this Chamber. They are bills that should have passed the Senate and made their way to the President's desk. The President and the Senate should back these bills just as they did the Pay Our Military Act. Let's end this stalemate and move forward with the people's business.

PUT FEDERAL EMPLOYEES BACK TO WORK

(Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. GENE GREEN of Texas. Mr. Speaker and Members, I want to wish a congratulations to our Republican majority and a thank you for bringing a bill to the floor that would guarantee the pay for the furloughed Federal employees. The essential employees who are already working will be paid from existing law, so now we pass it to the Senate where those furloughed employees will be able to be paid.

My question of the majority Republicans is: now that we're going to pay these furloughed employees, let's bring them back to work. Why would we not bring them back to work if we're paying for them?

I've heard of people being paid not to work, but I've never heard it from the Republican majority before that. I voted for it, and it passed unanimously out of the House, but let's bring those folks back to work. Let's reopen this government, and let's bring back those dedicated Federal employees so they don't have to stand down there and stop our veterans from going to the World War II Memorial.

They're the folks who are working on all of the things that make our country great, so let's bring them back to work. We can do that. We are going to pay them. Let's let them come back and do their jobs.

HAPPIEST BIRTHDAY TO YOU, MARGUERITE FREEMAN

(Mr. FRANKS of Arizona asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. FRANKS of Arizona. Mr. Speaker, it is my precious privilege this morning to express a loving tribute to one Marguerite Freeman.

Mr. Speaker, Mrs. Freeman was my third and fourth grade teacher, and if I could be with her right now as she is surrounded with family and friends and well-wishers on her 103rd birthday, I would just look into her eyes and say:

Thank you, precious lady, for all that you have done for me in this life. Without your loving encouragement to me as a child, I may never have had the privilege to stand here in this place and speak on the floor of the United States Congress; and I was only one of hundreds of children whose hearts and minds you so deeply touched with your noble message of love and human dignity to the generations to come.